

LIBERATION OF CUBA

Arrangements For Formal Transfer of Sovereignty.

PROCLAMATION ISSUED

RIGHTS OF SPANIARDS MUST BE RESPECTED.

Inhabitants Are Enjoined to Preserve Peace and Order and All Offenders Will Be Promptly Punished By the American Authorities—Regulations For Transfer of Flags.

Havana, Dec. 26.—The American evacuation commissioners will tomorrow issue the following proclamation to the inhabitants of the island of Cuba:

"The undersigned commissioners, having been invested with power by the president to arrange for and execute the evacuation of Cuba and adjacent islands, and also taking over the public property of Spain, have entered into an agreement with the commissioners on the part of Spain for the final ceremonies and regulations to be observed and carried out on the 1st day of January, and thereafter, until all Spanish troops shall have embarked for repatriation, and the same is published for the guidance of the inhabitants and others outside of the Santiago district. The undersigned desire to see this public manner to impress and inform upon all the people of the island the necessity for strict compliance with the terms of the agreement, to the end that public order and due respect for the gravity of the occasion may prevail, and especially to admonish all classes of people to exercise self-restraint and moderation, and refrain from giving cause of offense or irritation, and from the exhibition of excitement, undue manifestation of feeling, or from doing any act calculated to produce irritation or bad feeling.

"For nearly four months this commission and other officials of the United States have been under the protection of the Spanish authorities. They have extended to us the most scrupulous courtesy and consideration, and not an unpleasant incident has marred our sojourn in their midst, and now that our positions are soon to be reversed and they are to become our guests and entitled to our protection, we must see to it that they enjoy the same humanity and consideration. Apart from the eminent propriety of such a course, the best interests of all classes, Cubans, Spaniards and Americans, will be thereby subserved.

"Active under a sense of duty to the people and our government, we give notice that any violation of the terms and provisions of this agreement will be resented and offenders brought promptly to justice. Representing all classes and interests we shall be governed by the strictest impartiality, with the sole purpose of promoting the rehabilitation and pacification of Cuba. The preservation of peace, the security to persons and property, and the establishment and maintenance of government, with just laws impartially administered, are indispensable to the welfare and happiness of the people. We therefore confidently invoke the aid and co-operation of the inhabitants in accomplishing these ends."

TERMS OF AGREEMENT.

"The agreement is as follows: 'Whereas, The evacuation entered into on the 15th day of November, 1898,

between the commissioners of the United States and the commissioners of Spain, provides that the final evacuation of the territory of Cuba and adjacent Spanish islands by the forces of Spain shall be completed at 12 o'clock meridian on the 1st day of January, 1899, and says that if, for unavoidable reasons, the evacuation of Spanish forces shall not be completed on the date herein fixed, in such case suitable and convenient places shall be designated for the residence of the remaining Spanish troops until their embarkation shall be accomplished, it being well understood, however, that these troops will not be ejected from their quarters during the time that they must necessarily remain there, leaving them in their quarters and the sick in hospitals under the safeguard of the armies of the United States until they can be sent home; and,

"Whereas, Notwithstanding all the efforts made by the Spanish authorities faithfully and promptly to carry out the provisions of the aforesaid convention, there will still be a number of Spanish troops in the provinces of Matanzas and Santa Clara whom it will be impossible to embark for their native country before the 1st day of January next.

PRIVILEGES OF SPANIARDS.

"First.—The Spanish troops remaining unembarked on the 1st day of January shall remain undisturbed until their embarkation to Spain in their respective quarters, buildings and grounds actually then occupied by them, and during that period shall enjoy the privileges and immunities usually accorded by the rules of international law governing foreign troops in a friendly country. The quarters, buildings and grounds actually occupied by said troops will be considered as being covered by the privileges of extra territoriality, the responsibility for keeping good order in places thus occupied being upon the authorities of the United States. The commanding officer of the Spanish forces, in the event of public disorder, shall be responsible for the suppression of such disorders, or, in which they may have formulated in advance for the prevention and suppression of such disorders.

"Second.—The Spanish officers in command of troops will give due notice to the nearest commanding officer of the United States force of intended departure from quarters for their respective points of embarkation.

NO FOOD COMBINE.

"Third.—Provincial and municipal authorities will not be allowed to tax in any manner the Spanish forces nor their belongings, nor give any orders which will increase the prices of eatables or other effects necessary for the subsistence of their troops. Combinations to raise the prices of supplies or to deprive the Spanish forces of what is necessary for their subsistence while in camp or en route, will not be permitted.

"Fourth.—Employees of the postal and telegraphic service will continue to carry the correspondence of the Spanish forces and transmit their official telegraphic messages under the same conditions as heretofore.

"Fifth.—No import duties or charges of any kind or character will be levied by custom house officials upon material of war of the Spanish, or upon the personal effects of Spanish soldiers and officers, or on those of their families.

"Sixth.—Hospitals, with their sick attendants and medical officers, in evacuated territory, will be under the protection of the army of the United

States, the Spanish authorities providing everything necessary for the care, subsistence and the transportation of the sick so detained, and for repatriation upon recovery.

"Seventh.—The general in chief of the Spanish army agrees that his officers and soldiers will preserve the most exact discipline and in event that any should enter the houses or lands of private persons without consent of owners, he shall severely punish the offenders.

PUNISHMENT OF OFFENDERS.

"Eighth.—Should any offense be committed by any officer or soldier of the Spanish government on the inhabitants he will be promptly brought to trial by the proper military authorities of said forces before a proper Spanish military tribunal. Any offense committed by any inhabitant against any person of the Spanish forces will be promptly brought to justice by the commander of the United States forces.

"Ninth.—In event of any injury or damage to persons or property being committed by Spanish troops, the injured parties shall have the right to submit their claims for indemnification to the Spanish government, it being fully understood that Spain is accountable for injuries to public and private property established by proper proof. It is understood that this paragraph is subject to any provision the peace commissioners of the United States and Spain may have made on the subject of settlement of claims thereafter arising.

"Tenth.—Punctual payment will be made for whatever is purchased of inhabitants by or for the Spanish forces. 'Eleventh.—It is understood that the Spanish will use due diligence in embarking for Spain at the earliest possible time the Spanish troops remaining in Cuba.

DELIVERY OF CUBA.

"The commissioners of the United States and the commissioners of Spain, in order to accomplish with due formalities the official delivery of Cuba by representatives of the government of Spain to representatives of the government of the United States in accordance with the agreement between both nations, have resolved by common accord upon the following:

"First.—At 12 o'clock on the 1st day of January, 1899, the battery of salutes at Capanas will discharge twenty-one cannon and immediately thereafter the Spanish flag will be lowered from Morro castle and from all official buildings where displayed and the flag of the United States shall be raised in its place, saluted with another discharge of twenty-one guns from the same battery, these salutes to be fired by American and Spanish artillerymen respectively. American and Spanish ships of war that may be in this port properly equipped shall also salute both flags, discharging the proper number of guns.

"Second.—Land and naval forces of the United States which may have been designated by their respective commanders and who shall have entered Havana in advance and shall have located themselves in convenient place, upon hearing the salutes shall proceed to occupy the fortifications, edifices and places in the city which the American authorities may desire to occupy and that all military places Spanish officers will await the arrival of an American force and will deliver the place to them, leaving it in their possession. If on that day and hour there shall yet be Spanish troops in Havana, they will remain in their quarters and will form ranks during the time of the delivery of the city, salute all American troops which may pass there, presenting arms to sound of march from musicians and bands. The American troops will return the salute in identical form.

CIVIL OFFICES.

"Third.—At the same hour of 12 o'clock on the 1st day of January there shall be present at all courts, tribunals, offices and civil dependencies of the Spanish government the

respective functionaries and employees who may have not yet ceased discharging their duties, and they shall make delivery to American functionaries who may present themselves for that purpose and will then receive proper instructions.

"Fourth.—Before the time of delivery commissioners of the United States and the commissioners of Spain, together with the two governors general and their headquarters officers and guards will assemble at the palace of the captain general to decide on the moment and by common accord any doubt or difficulty which may occur over the delivery and to receive immediately afterward any person who may desire to visit them, either in recognition of new authority or in farewell to one that ceases.

"Fifth.—Although it is not to be expected from the culture of this city that any one will disturb order or the gravity of the delivery of the island, if any one should so disturb it, he shall be immediately suppressed by public force and the American authorities will punish the guilty with severity.

"Sixth.—On concluding the delivery, the Spanish troops which may yet remain on the island shall be considered as a foreign army in a friendly country and as such, respected by all.

(Signed) "Major General U. S. V. "JAMES P. WADE, "Major General U. S. V. "JOHN W. CLARK, "Brigadier General, U. S. V. Sec'y."

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is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes it far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

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PINGREE FOR SENATOR

Michigan Freak Laying His Plans For Defeat of Burrows.

ISSUES A MANIFESTO

BURROWS FAVORS TRUSTS AND RAILROAD PASSES.

If Pingree Is Elected It Will Be a Republican Loss, as He Cannot Be Depended Upon—Is For Free Coinage—Quay May Be Defeated In His Effort For Re-election.

(Special Correspondence.)
Washington, D. C., Dec. 22.—The Republican majority in the new senate may be considerably smaller than has been claimed, if the result in three states is at all as now seems possible. A Democratic senator will surely be sent from West Virginia, unless the Republicans resort to the most outrageous methods to defeat the will of the people, who have returned a Democratic legislature. There are now excellent prospects that to subvert a vote most of the time from the Republican column. He is ostensibly not a candidate himself, but as his only possible chance to defeat Burrows is to run himself, and as he is exceedingly fond of the center of the stage, there is small doubt that he will appear in the race in person.

BURROWS ATTACKED.

The current Washington Post has a dispatch from Detroit giving a lengthy manifesto which the erratic governor has addressed to the people of the state. He says that in twenty years' service in congress, Burrows has not done a thing of any importance whatever; that his name is connected only with peanut politics; that he favored trusts in his course on the tariff; that he uses telegraph trunks and railroad passes, and that he supported the Democratic candidate for governor against Pingree at the recent election.

Pingree is a freak. He has frequently denounced the Dingley bill and attacked the president personally. During the late campaign he repeatedly declared that he was for the free coinage of silver, and "don't give a d—n who knows it." But it cannot be claimed that he would be any real advantage to the Democratic party in the senate, except as he would make the Republicans very uncomfortable occasionally. In Pennsylvania the situation is very different. Here the best elements of all parties are uniting in the legislature against Quay and Quayism. The boss' chances of re-election are said to be very slim, and some of his admirers admit that the old man is serving his last term in the senate.

Death of Captain Lynde.

Washington, Dec. 26.—Captain Frederic Marcy Lynde, United States army (retired), died suddenly here today. He was a native of Michigan. He served

during the civil war, entering originally as sergeant of the Fourth Vermont infantry, from August, 1861, to January, 1862, when he was commissioned a second lieutenant. He was mustered out six months later, and then served two years as a private and sergeant in the First Wisconsin heavy artillery. He entered the regular army in 1866 as a second lieutenant; was promoted to captain in 1882, and retired two years later.

NOTED UTAH PIONEER DEAD

WAS EDITOR OF THE FIRST GENTILE NEWSPAPER.

Isaac M. Weston, Who Conducted the Union Vedette in 1865, Dies at New York—Became a Millionaire.

Isaac M. Weston, long a member of the Democratic national committee from Michigan, who died in New York last week, was an old Utahian. He served in the Sioux war of 1862 as a lieutenant and afterwards saw duty under General Connor. In 1864 he was appointed military storekeeper at Fort Laramie. Dec. 1, 1865, he was ordered to report at Camp Douglas, near Salt Lake City, and set out for the winter was unusually severe and he suffered many privations on the trip. After reaching Salt Lake City he served the government but one month, when he became editor-in-chief and business manager of the Daily Union Vedette, an anti-Mormon paper founded the year previous by his old commander, General Connor. He held that position a year, at the end of which the paper was sold, but during that time earned a reputation as a fearless and able writer. The Vedette was the first Gentile paper in Utah. Weston afterward became a millionaire, but died in reduced circumstances, due to financial reverses in 1881. He was a very popular man, liberal to a fault, and of the most generous impulses.

INDIAN APPROPRIATIONS.

Some Items of Interest to Utah and Idaho.

(Special Correspondence.)

Washington, D. C., Dec. 21.—The Indian appropriation bill as it finally passed the house, carried with it the following appropriations of interest to Utah and Idaho:

Pay of agent, Fort Hall.....	\$1,500
Pay of agent, Lemhi agency.....	1,200
Pay of agent, Nez Perces.....	1,800
Pay of agent, Uintah-Downy.....	1,800
For Fort Hall Indian community.....	6,000
For civilization and instruction of Indians at Lemhi agency.....	20,000
For support and civilization of Indians at Uintah Valley and Scabab.....	13,000
For support and civilization of Nez Perces, including physician.....	5,000
Expenses Indian service in Utah, including support and civilization of Indians at Uintah Valley and Scabab.....	2,000
Quarry agencies.....	2,200
For Shoshone Indians.....	2,200
For confederated Utes.....	2,200
Public steam sawmill on Nez Perce reservation.....	3,000

For education and support of children of Shoshone, Cedar City, Mont. Panaca and other Indians in southern part of Utah, and for purchase of necessary land and building sites, erection of necessary buildings and equipment and furnishing 25,000 appropriations were added by the diligence and energy of Judge Kibben. There is no doubt of their retention by the senate.

Tell Your Sister

A Beautiful Complexion is an impossibility without good pure blood, the sort that only exists in connection with good digestion, a healthy liver and bowels. Karl's Clover Root Tea acts directly on the bowels, liver and kidneys, keeping them in perfect health. Price 25 cts. and 50 cts. Sold by Nelden-Judson and other druggists.

MILK AND WATER.

Milk is food. Water is not food. Nurse the baby on water and it will not live long. But many a mother who supposes she is buying real milk is getting half water, and she wonders why the baby frets and looks thin and pale.

What water is to milk so substitute medicines are to Dr. Pierce's. This is why there is nothing "just as good" as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, for the cure of disordered or weak stomach, ach, impure blood, bronchitis, rheumatism, lingering coughs, sore



throat, weak lungs, bleeding lungs, and kindred affections, which, if neglected or badly treated, lead up to consumption. If you ask for Dr. Pierce's remedies and the dealer won't supply you, go to another store. Your health is of greater importance than any extra profit he may make on the substitute. The imitation substitute can not imitate the cure. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is absolutely non-alcoholic and non-narcotic. It can be safely relied upon by temperance people. It is not only the safest, but also the surest remedy for the stomach, blood, throat and lungs.

"My wife had a severe attack of pleurisy and lung trouble," writes Abram Freer, Esq., of Rockbridge, Green Co., Ills. "The doctors gave her up to die. She commenced to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and improved from the first dose. By the time she had taken eight or ten bottles she was cured, and it was the cause of a large amount being sold here. I think the 'Golden Medical Discovery' is the best medicine in the world for lung trouble. But at one-cent stamps to pay postage, you can get a free copy of the Common Sense Medical Adviser, a work of 1000 pages. Cloth bound, 10 stamps. Send to Dr. C. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y."

ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL.

Would-be Murderer Dead, But His Victim Will Recover.

Covington, Ky., Dec. 26.—Joseph Johnson, a laborer at the Mitchell & Trantune rolling mill, attempted today to kill the wife of James Anderson, a well-known burglar, at 609 Main street, and then turned the weapon upon himself, with immediate fatal effect. Anderson is serving a term in the Ohio penitentiary.

Johnson, for a year or two, has been living with Mrs. Anderson. Yesterday he drank heavily, and today, having no money, asked Mrs. Anderson for some. She refused. He fired twice at her, one ball going through her body, the other wounding her arm. Johnson went into the yard and shot himself twice, the last shot penetrating the brain. Mrs. Anderson was taken to the hospital. She will probably recover.

Sick Headache absolutely and permanently cured by using Moki Tea. A pleasant herb drink. Cures constipation and indigestion, makes you eat, sleep, work and happy. Satisfaction guaranteed or money back. 25 cts. and 50 cts. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

HOLIDAY RATES.

Via Union Pacific Railroad.
For the Xmas and New Year's holidays, Union Pacific will sell tickets to points within 250 miles and return at one fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale Dec. 24, 25, 26, 27, Jan. 1 and 2, with limit of Jan. 4, 1899.

MONDAY AND TUESDAY

WALKER'S STORE

MONDAY AND TUESDAY

Half Price Sale of Jackets, Suits, Capes, Furs, for Women and Children

NO RESERVE! ENTIRE STOCK! Think of what a peculiarly apt chance is this to have at your command for Half Price the greatest stock of High-class Ready-to-wear Garments in this city—or for that matter, in many cities hereabout. Half Price Sale, then, for a drastic clearance this year as last, and if you witnessed last year's rush and scramble, you will hasten here early.

NO RESERVE. ENTIRE STOCK. MONDAY AND TUESDAY.

HALF PRICE	HALF PRICE	HALF PRICE	HALF PRICE	HALF PRICE	HALF PRICE	HALF PRICE
All Women's Jackets, 50% OFF.	All Misses' Jackets, 50% OFF.	All Children's Jackets, 50% OFF.	All Infants' Cloaks, 50% OFF.	All Children's Cloaks, 50% OFF.	All Children's Dresses, 50% OFF.	All Women's Suits, 50% OFF.
HALF PRICE All Shawls, 50% OFF.	HALF PRICE All Wrappers and Tea Gowns, 50% OFF.	HALF PRICE All Separate Skirts, 50% OFF.	HALF PRICE All Muffs, 50% OFF.	HALF PRICE All Fur Collarettes, 50% OFF.	HALF PRICE All Fur Capes, 50% OFF.	HALF PRICE All Fur Scarfs, 50% OFF.
HALF PRICE All Dressing Sacques, 50% OFF.	HALF PRICE All Wool Waists, 50% OFF.	HALF PRICE All Velvet Waists, 50% OFF.	HALF PRICE All Silk Waists, 50% OFF.	HALF PRICE All Fur Sets, 50% OFF.	HALF PRICE All Plush Capes, 50% OFF.	HALF PRICE All Cloth Capes, 50% OFF.
HALF PRICE All Silk Capes, 50% OFF.	HALF PRICE All Fur Scarfs, 50% OFF.	HALF PRICE All Fur Sets, 50% OFF.	HALF PRICE All Plush Capes, 50% OFF.	HALF PRICE All Cloth Capes, 50% OFF.	HALF PRICE All Silk Capes, 50% OFF.	HALF PRICE All Fur Scarfs, 50% OFF.

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